Implications of Anaerobic Digesters for Dairy Nutrient Management Plans

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Livestock Nutrient Management Program

Livestock Nutrient Management Program Water Quality Protection

- □ Dairies required to have and follow a Nutrient Management Plan (RCW 90.64)
- □ Inspections
 - review implementation of NMPs
 - identify actions to avoid water quality violations
 - include a review of nutrient balance and agronomic applications of nutrients
- □ No discharge to surface or *groundwater* (RCW 90.48)
- Program takes enforcement action for violations

Learning about digesters through the inspection process—Building a model

- □ Digester projects located or proposed:
 - ■on or around dairies (4 of 4)
 - west side of the state (3 of 4)
 - where N is already close to max needed by crops (3 of 4)
 - where P is already in excess of crop needs (4 of 4)
- □ Digester projects are or are proposed to be:
 - sized larger than needed to handle just manure (4 of 4)
 - with new nutrient extraction technologies research on site, but no full scale operation of these technologies (1 of 4)

Learning about digesters through the inspection process. Building a model.

- □ Digester projects already do or are planned to:
 - receive manure from multiple farms (3 of 4)
 - send effluent to multiple farms for application (3 of 4)
 - accept food processing waste (3 of 4)
 - require increased land base or increased exports (3 of 4)

Dairy Nutrient Management Plans

- □ address site, structures, and management
- □ cover manure applied to cropland including digester effluent
- include a whole farm balance of nutrients that incorporates animal units, imports, exports, and crop acreage
- require agronomic use of nutrients by applying nutrients where and when they are needed within the farm, using soil tests, manure tests, and records as tools
- □ use NRCS Nutrient Management Practice Standard 590
 - Properly use manure and organic byproducts for crops
 - Include additional monitoring for bio solids
 - Minimize applications of organic material with high salt content
 - Minimize non-point pollution

Dairy Nutrient Management Plans

□ NMP updates

- If plan is out of date for herd size or dairy has insufficient records, agronomic applications cannot be verified.
- NMPs are supposed to be updated when any change as large as building a digester or accepting offsite imports occurs.
- If plan results in a discharge it must be updated to address issue.

A digester requires changes to NMP

- □ Expected imports of food waste will need added to NMP whole farm nutrient balance.
 - quantities, nutrient content, and variability
 - More acreage or exports will likely be needed.
- Actual source, type, and quantity of imports will need recorded as received.
- □ Imports will need tested for nutrients.
- ☐ Imports will also need tested to rule out any substance that does not have an agronomic rate.

A digester requires changes to NMP

- ☐ Greater frequency of manure tests to address variability
- Protocols for getting nutrients spread back out appropriately to contributing farms
- □ Recordkeeping for exports
 - dates and volume exported
 - current nutrient test
 - provide recipient with most recent nutrient test
- □ Plan to also learn as you go and improve

Take home message:

- □ With the types of digester projects we are seeing, nutrients are a big concern.
- □ Assume nutrient management will be a big concern for your project too.
- □ Start planning for how to manage nutrients at the earliest stages of your project.

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http://agr.wa.gov/FoodAnimal/Livestock-Nutrient/Livestocknutrient.htm